



# Disclosing your HIV status: matters to consider

For many people, the stigma and discrimination surrounding HIV makes the prospect of others finding out that they have it a great source of anxiety. The decision to disclose your HIV status is therefore a complex process and may cause anxiety because of fear of how others might respond.

Remember that you have the right to keep your HIV status private and are not required to disclose it. Bear in mind too, however, that the experience of sharing this information with another person may also be enriching and constructive.

## Do you want to share it?

When deciding, you may wish to **consider the following** matters:

- Your reasons. Reflect on your needs, concerns, and expectations about sharing your HIV status and whether it will benefit you.
- Reactions. Some people will be supportive, while others may react negatively. Be prepared to deal with possible fears, prejudices, or lack of knowledge about HIV.
- Confidentiality. Whether or not to disclose your HIV status is completely up to you. Consider whether the person you share with will be able to keep it private.
- How to disclose it. Choose a time and circumstances in which you can express yourself freely. Prepare additional information about HIV to answer questions and clarify any queries.
- Your own process. Consider your circumstances and make sure you are emotionally prepared beforehand. Take the time you need. There is no rush.



## What may happen?

Disclosing HIV status may have different consequences, which can be positive and negative.



### On the positive side:

- You may feel understood and receive support, which can significantly improve your well-being.
- You would no longer have to hide the fact you have HIV or lie about your health.
- You may openly address issues that are important to you.
- Your sexual partners will be able to make informed decisions..



### On the negative side:

- You may encounter negative, hostile, or aggressive reactions.
- You may be exposed to rejection, stigma, or discrimination from others.
- You may face questions or comments judging you inappropriately.
- You may have to give support to concerned or bewildered people at a difficult time for you.





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# Legal considerations

In Spain, people with HIV have a right to privacy and are not legally required to disclose their HIV status to either casual or regular sexual partners. In principle, mere exposure to risk is considered neither a crime nor a misdemeanour. Bear in mind the scientific evidence supporting the success of treatment as a preventive measure. A person on antiretroviral treatment who maintains an undetectable viral load cannot transmit the virus, even in situations often considered risky, such as when a condom breaks or in sex without a condom.

Notwithstanding the right to privacy, there are also duties and responsibilities, in the event of a situation of risk of transmission. In this situation, if the person with HIV has a detectable viral load, he or she is required to disclose the HIV status so that the partner (casual or steady) may take appropriate prophylactic measures (including post-exposure prophylaxis). This therefore prevents harm to the partner.







#### Descargo de responsabilidad

La información contenida en esta ficha no pretende sustituir la recibida por el médico. Las decisiones referentes a la salud siempre deberían tomarse tras consultar con los profesionales sanitarios. La información médica puede quedar desactualizada con rapidez.

Si te surge alguna pregunta tras leer esta ficha, te aconsejamos hablar con tu médico o enfermera o llamar a gTt-VIH, al 93 458 26 41, para comprobar si existe alguna novedad relevante al respecto.

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